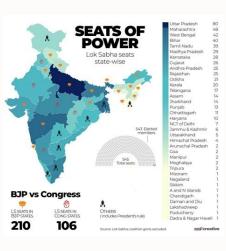
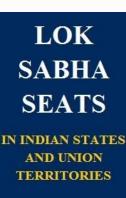
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## Performance of MPs in 16th Lok Sabha State-wise from 1st June 2014 to 9th Feb 2017 (till the end of Part I of Budget Session 2017)

State	MPS	Debates original	Average of Debates	Private Member Bills	Questions	Average of Questions2	Total tally	Average of Total tally
Maharashtra	46	1302	42	101	16471	358	17874	389
Sikkim	1	44	47	3	292	292	339	339
Kerala	20	1107	84	49	5570	279	6726	336
Tamil Nadu	38	1164	33	0	9745	256	10909	287
Jharkhand	13	482	50	40	3192	246	3714	286
Lakshadweep	1	26	29	0	250	250	276	276
Rajasthan	25	1018	88	65	5601	224	6684	267
Karnataka	26	647	33	7	6149	237	6803	262
Goa	1	10	10	0	233	233	243	243
Tripura	2	100	85	4	377	189	481	241
Arunachal Pradesh	1	34	37	2	193	193	229	229
Delhi	6	211	43	18	1069	178	1298	216
Haryana	8	309	43	15	1362	170	1686	211
Telangana	18	421	24	14	3089	172	3524	196
Andhra Pradesh	24	609	27	9	3997	1,67	4615	192
Chandigarh	1	23	27	1	157	157	181	181
Madhya Pradesh	28	648	48	15	4363	156	5026	180
Odisha	21	651	36	46	2998	143	3695	176
Gujarat	26	461	25	37	3921	151	4419	170
Bihar	37	1204	37	65	4284	116	5553	150
Himachal Pradesh	4	87	28	3	487	122	577	144
Uttar Pradesh	. 71	2023	67	56	7844	110	9923	140
Chhattisgarh	10	143	17	1	1248	125	1392	139
Uttarakhand	5	142	30	17	430	86	589	118
Assam	14	356	30	1	1253	90	1610	115
Punjab	12	330	30	3	872	73	1205	100
Andaman and Nicobar Islands	1	21	23	0	67	67	88	88
Manipur	2	49	26	1	112	56	162	81
Nominated Members	2	43	24	1	97	49	141	71
West Bengal	45	763	19	10	2212	49	2985	66
Meghalaya	3	21	7	4	159	53	184	61
Jammu and Kashmir	5	85	17	0	213	43	298	60
Dadra and Nagar Haveli	1	0	0	0	35	35	35	35
Nagaland	1	12	12	0	17	17	29	29
Daman and Diu	1	5	5	0	21	21	26	26
Puducherry	1	8	8	0	11	11	19	19
Mizoram	1	1	2	0	3	3	4	4
Grand Total	522	14560	42	588	88394	169	103542	198

Ministers are not taken into as they cannot participate in debates and raise questions Sorted based on the Average of Total (Debates + Private Members Bills + Questions) Among the big states, Maharashtra and Kerala are top performers under Average of total tally

Among the big states, West Bengal with 45 Members have performed badly in the 16th Lok Sabha from the beginning

Source: PRS India data



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Constitution of India Law Human rights Indian Penal Code Law enforcement LegislatureParliament of India Lok Sabha Speaker Om Birla (BJP) House Leader Thawar Chand Gehlot (BJP) Opposition Leader Mallikarjun Kharge (INC) Executive
President of India Ram Nath Kovind (BJP) Vice President of India Venkaiah Naidu (BJP) Vice President of India Chief Justice N. This principle is upheld by the boundary reviews mentioned above. Chacko, Thiruvalla C. Normally not more than half an
hour is allowed for such a discussion. Nijalingappa Mysore N. Financial business The presentation, discussion of, and voting on the annual general and railways budgets—followed by the passing of the appropriations Bill and the finance bill—is a long, drawn-out process that takes up a major part of the time of the House during its budget session
every year. D. Deve Gowda and I. Barrow Independent See also List of members of the 1st Lok Sabha. Questions are of three types—Starred, Unstarred, and Short Notice. The Indian Councils Act 1861 provided for a Legislative Council consisting of the members
of the Executive Council and non-official members. Monsoon session: July to September. Archived from the original on 8 May 2016. "Welcome to LokSabha Website". It starts at around noon (hence the name) and members can, with prior notice to the Speaker, raise issues of importance during this time. Vacation and resignation of, and removal
from, the offices of Speaker and Deputy Speaker are mentioned under Article 94 of the Constitution of India. Archived from the original on 4 June 2019. Half-an-Hour discussion A half-an-hour discussion A half-an-hour discussion A half-an-hour discussion Can be raised on a matter of sufficient public importance which has been the subject of a recent question in Lok Sabha irrespective of the fact
whether the question was answered orally or the answer was laid on the Table of the House and the answer which needs elucidation on a matter of fact. Archived from the original on 30 November 2013. Velayudhan N. Retrieved 12 February 2022. Retrieved 25 December 2019. The Rajya Sabha has no power over such a motion and hence has no real
power over the executive. Boorarangaswami Pendyachhi Tamil Nadu Toiler's Party Tiruchirapalli E Mathuran Independent Cuddalore L Elayaperumal Indian National Congress Kumbakonam C Ramaswamy Mudaliar Mayuram K Ananda Nambiar Communist Party of India V Veerawamy Independent Cuddalore L Elayaperumal Indian National Congress
 N.D.Govindaswamy Kachirayar Tamil Nadu Toilers' Party Tindivanam A Jayaraman V Muniswami Tirunelvali Thanu Pillai Indian National Congress Srivaikuntam A V Thomas Sankaranainarkoil M San
 Nadar Madurai P M Kakkan S Balasubramaniam Periyakulam Saktivadivel Gounder Dindigul Ammu Swaminathan South Kanara (North) U Srinivas Mallyya South Kanara (South) B Shiva Roy Cannanore A K Gopalan Communist Party of India Tellicherry N Damodaran Kisan Mazdoor Praja Party Kozhikode Achuthan Damodaran Menon Malappuram B.
Elections are by the people directly to the Lok Sabha and each state is allotted several seats in the Lok Sabha in such a manner that the ratio between that number and its population was as close to uniform as possible. Archived from the original on 20 June
2019. Then a gong sounds, serving as a signal to members for casting their votes. Lok Sabha. Baalu SHS 19 Vinayak Raut NCP 5 Supriya Sule JKNC 3 Farooq Abdullah IUML 3 E. Archived from the original on 12 June 2018. livelaw.in. (June 2018) (Learn how and when to remove this template message) A major portion of the Indian subcontinent was
under British rule from 1858 to 1947.[13] During this period, the office of the Secretary of State for India (along with the Council in India) was the authority through whom British Parliament exercised its rule in the Indian sub-continent, and the office of Viceroy of India was created, along with the Council in India, consisting of high officials are not in the Indian sub-continent, and the office of Viceroy of India was the authority through whom British Parliament exercised its rule in the Indian sub-continent, and the office of Viceroy of India was created, along with an Executive Council in India, consisting of high officials are not in the Indian sub-continent, and the office of Viceroy of India was the authority through whom British Parliament exercised its rule in the Indian sub-continent, and the office of Viceroy of India was created, along with an Executive Council in India, consisting of high officials are not in the Indian sub-continent, and the office of Viceroy of India was created, along with an Executive Council in India, consisting of high officials are not in the Indian sub-continent, and the office of Viceroy of India was created, along with an Executive Council in India, consisting of high officials are not in the Indian sub-continent are not in th
of the British government. The quorum for the House is 10% of the total membership. Sessions The period during which the House meets to conduct its business is called a session. Archived from the original on 30 May 2013. According to Article 79 (Part V-The Union.) of the Constitution of India, the Parliament of India consists of the President of
India and the two Houses of Parliament known as the Council of States (Rajya Sabha) and the House of the People (Lok Sabha (Lower house of the People) was duly constituted for the first time on 17 April 1952 after the first General Elections held from 25 October 1951 to 21 February 1952. Formation of Lok Sabha over time Lok
Sabha Commenced Date Prime Minister First 13 May 1952 Jawaharlal Nehru Second April 1967 Indira Gandhi Fifth March 1971 Sixth March 1971 Sixth
1984 Rajiv Gandhi Ninth December 1989 V. G. It is the Speaker of the Lok Sabha who presides over joint sittings called in the event of disagreement between the two Houses on a legislative measure. Immediately after the votes are cast, they are totalled mechanically and the details of the results are flashed on the result indicator boards installed in
the railings of the Speakers and diplomatic galleries. The budget is presented in the Lok Sabha by the Finance Minister in the name of the President of India. 23 January 2020. Archived from the original (PDF) on 21 June 2014. Pande Indian National Congress Bareilly District (South) Satish Chandra Indian National Congress Pilibhit District cum
Congress Saharanpur District (West) cum Muzaffarnagar District (North) Sunder Lal Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Krishnagar District (West) Khushi Ram Sharma Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Krishnagar District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ballabh Indian National Congress Meerut District (South) Tripathi Hira Ball
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National Congress Etah District (North East cum Baduan District (East) Raghubir Sahai Indian National Congress Badaun District (West) Badan District (West
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Congress Birbal Singh Indian National Congress Allahabad District (West) Masuriya Din Indian National Congress Jawahar Lal Nehru Indian National Congress Allahabad District (West) Rup Narain Indian National Congress J. Members
and Ministers rush to the Chamber from all sides. A member both of Parliament and of a House of the Legislature of a State. pp. 46, 47 Archived 24 January 2013 at the Wayback Machine article 81 ^ "Lok Sabha". This
 provision does not apply to states having a population of less than 6 million (60 lakh). A. The Indian National Congress (INC) won 364 seats. No specific qualifications are prescribed for being elected Speaker; the Constitution only requires that Speaker should be a member of the House. A minimum period of notice for starred/unstarred questions is
10 clear days. While private members' bills are taken up on one Friday, private members' resolutions are taken up on the succeeding Friday, and so on. Somanna Indian National Congress Outer
Delhi Naval Prabhakar C. But an understanding of the Constitution and the laws of the country and the laws of the country and the notice of the Speaker. India Today. In the Lok Sabha, both presiding officers—the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker are elected from among its
members by a simple majority of members present and voting in the House. ^ Part V—The Union. ^ "Lok Sabha Officers". Retrieved 27 June 2019. Chazhikadan RLP 1 H. The Chair goes by the voices and declares that the motion is either accepted or rejected by the House. There is no formal motion before the house nor voting. Please help improve that the motion is either accepted or rejected by the House.
this article by adding citations to reliable sources. The maximum membership of the House allotted by the Constitution of a bill or financial business or consideration of a resolution or a motion. However, while a proclamation of
emergency is in operation, this period may be extended by Parliament by law or decree.[7][8] An exercise to redraw Lok Sabha constituencies' boundaries is carried out by the Boundary Delimitation Commission of India every decade based on the Indian census, last of which was conducted in 2011.[9] This exercise earlier also included redistribution
of seats among states based on demographic changes but that provision of the mandate of the commission was suspended in 1976 following a constitutional amendment to incentivize the family planning program which was being implemented.[10] The 17th Lok Sabha was elected in May 2019 and is the latest to date.[11] The Lok Sabha has its own
television channel, Lok Sabha TV, headquartered within the premises of Parliament.[12] History This section needs additional citations for verification. They decide whether a bill is a money bill or not. Retrieved 12 January 2010. Narasimha Rao Eleventh May 1996 Atal Bihari Vajpayee, H. Debate in the House After the member who initiates
discussion on an item of business has spoken, other members can speak on that item of business in such order as the Speaker may call upon them. Retrieved 22 September 2008. Department based Others Ad hoc committees - Created for a specific purpose and ceases to exist when that purpose is achieved. - The Union)[17] of Indian Constitution sets
qualifications for being a member of Lok Sabha, which are as follows: They should be a citizen of India, and must subscribe before the Election Commission of India, an oath or affirmation according to the form set out for the purpose in the Third Schedule of the Indian Constitution. The Hindi version contains proceedings (all questions asked and
answers are given thereto and speeches made) in Hindi and verbatim Hindi translation of proceedings in English or regional languages. Archived from the original on 27 January 2021. The Lok Sabha has also a separate non-elected Secretariat staff.[21] Shri G. Retrieved 10 May 2018. ^ "Members: Lok Sabha". N. If conflicting legislation is enacted
by the two Houses, a joint sitting is held to resolve the differences. Secretariat of Parliament - Each House of Parliament shall have a separate secretarial staff: Provided that nothing in this clause shall be construed as preventing the creation of posts common to both Houses of Parliament. To become law it must be passed by both the houses of
Parliament, the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha, and then assented to by the president. C.P. Mathew Meenachil P. Sreekantan Nair Revolutionary Socialist Party Ajmer South Mukat Behari Lal Bhargava Bhopal State Constituency Reserved
Member Party Sehore None Saeed Ullah Razmi Indian National Congress Raisen Chatrunarayan Malviya Bilaspur State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Sehore None None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Sehore None None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Member Party Bilaspur None Anand Chand Independent Coorg State Constituency Reserved Rese
in Lok Sabha and Directions issued by the Speaker from time to time there under regulate the procedure in Lok Sabha. Equal Powers with the Rajya Sabha in the impeachment process (initiating and passing a motion for the removal) of the House and at
least two-thirds majority of the members present and voting), who then can be removed by the President of India. Usually, the half-an-hour discussion is listed on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays only. If a member challenges the decision, the Chair orders that the lobbies be cleared. Later the photograph is enlarged and the names of members who
voted 'Ayes' and for 'Noes' are determined with the help of the photograph and incorporated in Lok Sabha debates. If not rejected by the Rajya Sabha without any action by the House, or recommendations made by the Rajya Sabha are not accepted by the Lok Sabha, the bill is
considered passed. The last two and half hours of sitting every Friday are generally allotted for the transaction of individual members' business. Coordinates: 28°37′3″N 77°12′30″E / 28.61750°N 77.20833 Lok Sabha17th Lok Sabha
BJP since 19 June 2019 Secretary GeneralUtpal Kumar Singh since 30 November 2020 Leader of the HouseRajnath Singh Defence Minister of India, BJP since 26 May 2014 Leader of the OppositionVacant[1] StructureSeats543Political groupsGovernment (334)
NDA (334) BJP (301) JD(U) (16) RLJP (5) AD(S) (2) AJSU (1) AIADMK (1) NDP (1) NPF (1) 
CPI(M) (3) CPI (2) SAD (2) AIMIM (2) LJP(RV) (1)[2] JD(S) (1) AIUDF (1) KC(M) (1) RLP (1) Vacant (3) ElectionsVoting systemFirst past the postLast electionMay 2024Meeting placeLok Sabha, Sansad Bhavan, Sansad Marg, New Delhi, India - 110
001Websiteloksabha.nic.inConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConstitutionConst
has been passed by the House where it was originally tabled (Lok Sabha or Rajva Sabha), it is sent to the other house, where it may be kept for a maximum period of 6 months. Sangana Indian National Congress Kalahandi Bolangir None Giridhari Bhoi GP Rajendra Narayan Singh Deo Bargarh Brajmohan Pradhan Sambalpur Natabar Pandey
Sundargarh Scheduled Tribes Sibnarayan Singh Indian National Congress Dhenkanal West Cuttack None Niranjan Jena GP Mayurbhanj Scheduled Tribes Ramchandra Manjhi Indian National Congress Balasore None Kanhu Charan Jena Bhagabat Sahu
Kendrapara Nityanand Kanungo Cuttack Harekrishna Mahtab Puri Loknath Mishra Khurda Lingraj Mishra Ghumsur Umachand Patnaik Independent Ganjam South Bijoy Chandra Das Communist Party of India Punjab Constituency Reserved Member Party Ambala Simla None Tek Chand Indian National Congress Karnal Virendra Kumar Subhadra
Joshi Rohtak Ranbir Singh Jhajjar Rewari Ghamandi Lal Gurgaon Thakkar Das Hissar Achint Lal Fazila Sirsa Atma Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Singh Musaffar Hoshiarpur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Ram Das Diwan Chand Ferozepore Ludhiana Bahadur Ram Das Das Das Das Das Das Das Das Da
 Akali Dal Lal Singh Uttar Pradesh Constituency Name Reserved Party Amroha (Lok Sabha constituency) Maulana Hifzur Rahman Seoharwi Indian National Congress Dehra Dun District (West) cum Tehri Garhwal District cum Bijnor District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) cum Tehri Garhwal District cum Bijnor District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) cum Tehri Garhwal District cum Bijnor District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Dehra Dun District (West) cum Tehri Garhwal District cum Bijnor District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Dehra Dun District (West) Cum Saharanpur District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Cum Saharanpur District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Garhwal District (West) Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Mahavir Tyagi — Indian National Congress Mahavi
Bijnor District (North) Kamlendu Mati Shah Independent politician Garhwal District (North East) Devi Datt Indian National Congress Almora District (North East) Bhaktadarshan Indian National Congress Bhaktadarsh
vacant due to absence/resignation/removal, the duties of the People as the President may appoint for the purpose. Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs. Retrieved 4 February 2021. There are two indicator boards installed in
the wall on either side of the Speaker's chair in the chamber. T. The Speaker conducts the business in the House. ^ "First Lok Sabha office holders". E. R. They possess other such qualifications as may be prescribed in that behalf by or under any law made by the Parliament. Parliament of India. Motions and resolutions Among other kinds of business in the House.
that come up before the House are resolutions and motions. There is an indicator board in the machine room showing the name of each member. Retrieved 25 January 2020. The house meets in the Lok Sabha Chambers of the Sansad Bhavan, New Delhi. Archived from the original on 1 December 2008. After the bell stops, all the doors to the Chamber
are closed and nobody can enter or leave the Chamber till the division is over. See the table below for details: State/ UT* Seats [27] Andaman and Nicobar Islands* 1 Andhra Pradesh 2 Assam 14 Bihar 40 Chandigarh* 1 Chhattisgarh 11 DNH & DD* 2 Delhi (NCT)* 7 Goa 2 Gujarat 26 Haryana 10 Himachal Pradesh 4 Jammu and
Kashmir* 5 Jharkhand 14 Karnataka 28 Kerala 20 Ladakh* 1 Lakshadweep* 1 Madhya Pradesh 29 Maharashtra 48 Manipur 2 Meghalaya 2 Mizoram 1 Nagaland 1 Odisha 21 Puducherry* 1 Punjab 13 Rajasthan 25 Sikkim 1 Tamil Nadu 39 Telangana 17 Tripura 2 Uttarakhand 5 Uttarakhand 5 Uttarakhand 5 Uttarakhand 5 Uttarakhand 5 Uttarakhand 10 Misha 21 Puducherry* 1 Punjab 13 Rajasthan 25 Sikkim 1 Tamil Nadu 39 Telangana 17 Tripura 2 Uttarakhand 5 Uttarakhand 10 Misha 21 Puducherry* 1 Punjab 13 Rajasthan 25 Sikkim 1 Tamil Nadu 39 Telangana 17 Tripura 2 Uttarakhand 5 Uttarakhand 6 Uttarakhand 6 Uttarakhand 6 Uttarakhand 6 Uttarakhand 6 Uttarakhand 6 Uttarakhand 7 Uttarakhand 8 Uttarakha
article: List of members of the 17th Lok Sabha No. of Lok Sabha No. of Lok Sabha MP's party-wise: As of 25 August 2021 Alliance Party No. of MPs Leader of the Party National Democratic Alliance Party No. of MPs Leader of the Party National Democratic Alliance Party No. of Lok Sabha No. of MPs Leader of the Party No. of MPs Leader of the Part
Act 1909 admitted some Indians to the various councils. But, three sessions of Lok Sabha are held in a year: Budget session: February to May. Then the Chair puts the question for a second time and declares whether in its opinion the "Ayes" or the "Noes", have it. Equal Powers with the Rajya Sabha in initiating and passing any Bill for Constitutional
Amendment (by a majority of the total membership of the House and at least two-thirds majority of the members present and voting). Similarly, an individual member may move a resolution or motion to draw the distribution of
'Aye'/'No' and 'Abstention' slips to members in the House or by the members recording their votes by going into the lobbies. Mavalankar was the first Speaker of Lok Sabha does not ordinarily sit on Saturdays and Sundays and other closed holidays. Winter
session: November to mid-December. National Informatics Centre, Government of India. But there is a possibility that the president can exceed the term to not more than 1 year under the proclamation of emergency and the same would be lowered down to six-month if the said proclamation ceases to operate. Indian National Congress got 45% of the
total votes in this election and won 76% of the 479 contested seats. The Lok Sabha, unless sooner dissolved, continues to operate for five years for time being from the date appointed for its first meeting. loksabha.nic.in. The said Article, which provides for a separate secretarial staff for each House of Parliament, reads as follows:- 98. ^ Shankar,
B.L.; Rodrigues, Valerian (13 January 2011), "The Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha", The Indian Parliament, Oxford University Press, pp. 292-328, doi:10.1093/acprof:oso/9780198067726.003.0008, ISBN 978-0-19-806772-6, retrieved 12 February 2022 ^ "Parliament of India: Lok Sabha". Basappa Bangalore North Keshava Iyengar Bangalore South T.
Owaisi LJP(RV) 1 Chirag Paswan JD(S) 1 Prajwal Revanna AIUDF 1 Badruddin Ajmal KC(M) 1 T. Archived from the original on 16 January 2010. Gujral Twelfth March 1998 Atal Bihari Vajpayee Thirteenth May 2014 Narendra Modi Seventeenth May 2019
Qualifications See also: Election Commission of India Article 84 (under Part V. Sewal Kutch State Constituency Reserved Member Party Kutch East None Dholakia Gulabshankar Amrutlal Indian National Congress Kutch West Khimji Bhawanji Arjun Manipur Constituency Reserved Member Party Inner Manipur None Jogeshwar Singh Indian National
Congress Outer Manipur Rishang Socialist Party (India) Tripura Constituency Reserved Member Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura West Birendra Chandra Dutta Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb Communist Party of India Tripura East None Dasarath Deb
 Bhagwan Dutt Shastri Socialist Party (India) Rewa Rajbhan Singh Tiwari Indian National Congress Satna Upadhiya S. Since the time for legislation is limited, the work of all departments of the government and any special focus tasks are delegated to the committees, wherein the committees shall prepare the initial draft of the bill/amendment for
consideration by both the houses. Officers of Lok Sabha Speaker and Deputy Speaker and De
debtor or otherwise disqualified by law; and They should have their name in the electoral rolls in any part of the country. NDTV.com. They should not be less than 25 years of age. The elected members are Speaker and the Deputy Sp
 other important members.[2][3] # Position Name From To Days in office 01 Speaker Ganesh Vasudev Mavlankar 8 May 1952 27 Feb 1956 1,390 M.A. Ayyangar 8 Mar 1956 10 May 1957 428 02 Deputy Speaker M. 400 ^ "Government of India Act of 1935 - Encyclopedia.com: FREE online
dictionary". A seat may also be vacated when the holder stands disqualified under the 'Anti-Defection Law'. Archived from the original on 12 November 2020. Unsourced material may be challenged and removed. Money bills can only be introduced in the Lok Sabha, and upon being passed, are sent to the Rajya Sabha, where it can be deliberated on
for up to 14 days. p. ^ "Anglo Indian Representation To Lok Sabha, State Assemblies Done Away; SC-ST Reservation Extended For 10 Years: Constitution (104th Amendment) Act To Come Into Force On 25th Jan". Resolutions and motions may be brought forward by the government or by individual members. The items of business, a notice of which is
received from the Ministers/ Private Members and admitted by the Speaker, are included in the daily List of Business which is printed and circulated to members in advance. Furthermore, as per article 101 (Part V.—The Union)[18] of the Indian Constitution, a person cannot be: A member of both Houses of Parliament and provision shall be made by
Parliament by law for the vacation by a person who is chosen a member of both Houses of his seat in one House or the following: Adjournment Motions, Questions involving breaches of Privileges, Papers to be laid on the Table, Communication of any messages from Rajya Sabha, Intimations regarding
 President's assent to Bills, Calling Attention Notices, Matters under Rule 377, Presentation of Perliamentary Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee, Presentation of Petitions, miscellaneous statements by Ministers, Motions regarding elections to Committee and Petitions and Petiti
if so permitted by the Speaker and the Minister concerned is prepared to answer it at shorter notice. To date, the Speaker of the Lok Sabha has not been called upon to exercise this unique casting vote. The Constituent Assembly was divided into two for the separate nations, with each new Assembly having sovereign powers transferred to it for the
respective dominion. Lalrosanga SKM 1 I.H Subba Independent 3 Independent OppositionUnited Progressive AllianceSeats: 110 INC 53 Adhir Ranjan Chowdhury DMK 24 T. The Constitution empowers the President to summon each House at such intervals that there should not be more than a six-month gap between the two sessions. Notes: The
expression "population" while distributing seats among states refers to the population ascertained at the census of 1971, per the Constitutional Amendment of 1976.[19] The expression "population ascertained at the census of 2011.[20] Powers The Lok Sabha has certain powers
hour of every sitting is called Question Hour. Shivananjappa Hassan Chikmagalur H. During the discussion, the member, who has given notice, makes a short statement, and not more than four members, who have intimated earlier and have secured one of the four places on the ballot, are permitted to ask a question each for further elucidating any
Chamba Sirmur A. Equal Powers with the Rajya Sabha in initiating and passing a resolution declaring war or national emergency (by two-thirds majority) in a state. A matter requiring the decision of the House is decided to employ a question put by the Speaker on a motion made by a member. Between
1952 and 2020, 2 additional members of the Anglo-Indian community were also nominated by the President of India, which was abolished in January 2020 by the 104th Constitutional Amendment Act, 2019.[4][5] The new parliament has a seating capacity of 888 for Lok Sabha.[6] A total of 131 seats (24.03%) are
reserved for representatives of Scheduled Castes (84) and Scheduled Tribes (47). ^ (Not Officially Declared) The position only got recognition in 1977 post Salary and Allowances of Leaders of Opposition in Parliament Act.[4] Members Main article: List of members of the 1st Lok Sabha List of members as published by the
 Election Commission of India[5] and Parliament of India:[6] Members by political party in 1st Lok Sabha are given below: Party Name Code Number of MPs Leader of Lok Sabha Indian National Congress INC 364 Jawaharlal Nehru Communist Party of India CPI 16 Socialist Party SP 12 Jayaprakash Narayan Kisan Mazdoor Praja Party KMPP 9 Sucheta
 Kripalani Peoples Democratic Front PDF 7 Ravi Narayan Reddy Ganatantra Parishad GP 6 Rajendra Narayan Singh Deo Shiromani Akali Dal SAD 4 Tamil Nadu Toilers Party CWP 3 A Krishnaswami Akhil Bharatiya Ram Rajya Parishad RRP 3
Chandra Sen Bharatiya Jana Sangh BJS 3 Syama Prasad Mukherjee Revolutionary Socialist Party JKP 3 Jaipal Singh Munda Scheduled Caste Federation SCF 2 Pandurang Nathuji Rajbhoj Lok Sevak Sangh LSS 2 Bhajahari Mahaton Peasants and Workers Party of India PWPI 2 Shankar Shantaram More Forward
Bloc (Marxist) FB(M) 1 U Muthuramalinga Thevar Krishikar Lok Party KLP 1 Manak Chand Chota Nagpur Santhal Parganas Janata Party CNSPJP 1 Ram Narayan Singh Madras State Muslim League Party MSMLP 1 B. Discussion on matters of urgent public importance with the
permission of the Speaker. The push switch must be kept pressed simultaneously until the gong sounds for the second time after 10 seconds. Himmatsinghji Indian National Congress Madhya Saurashtra Joshi Jethalal Harikrishna Zalawad Parikh Rasiklal Umedchand Gohilwad Mehta Balwantrai Gopalji Gohilwad Sorath Shah Chamanlal Chakubhai
The number of seats per state has been frozen under the constitutional amendment of 1976. Ayyangar Sardar Hukam Singh 30 May 1952 20 Mar 1956 4 Apr 1957 1,377 380 03 Secretary-General M. Lok Sabha officers As per Article 93 of Constitution of India, the Lok Sabha must have elected and non-elected officers. Pocker Travancore
Tamil Nadu Congress Party TTNC 1 A. To vote, each member present in the chamber has to flip a switch and then operate one of the three pushbuttons fixed in their seat. They maintain discipline and decorum in the house and can punish a member for their unruly behaviour by suspending them. Only the Hindi and English versions are printed. The
original version, however, contains proceedings in Hindi or English as they actually took place in the House and also the English/Hindi translation of speeches made in regional languages. Archived from the original on 14 May 2019. The main activities of the Secretariat inter alia include the following: (i) providing secretarial assistance and support to
the effective functioning of the House of the People (Lok Sabha; (ii) previding amenities as admissible to Members of Lok Sabha; (iii) servicing the various publications; (v) recruitment of manpower in the Lok Sabha
Secretariat and attending to personnel matters; & (vi) preparing and publishing a record of the Lok Sabha and bringing out such other publications, as may be required concerning the functioning of the Lok Sabha and bringing out such other publications, as may be required concerning the functioning of the House
 Jawaharlal Nehru 17 Apr 1952 4 Apr 1957 1,813 05 Leader of the Opposition note a A K Gopalan 17 Apr 1952 4 Apr 1957 1,813 a. For current list of Lok Sabha. In one session, a member is allowed to raise not more than two half-hour discussions. Archived from the original on 13 November 2019
  Tiwari Indian National Congress Kanpur District Central Hari Har Nath Shastri Indian National Congress Kanpur District South Cum Etawah District Central Hari Har National Congress Banda District cum
 Fatehpur District Pyare Lal Kureel Indian National Congress Shive Dayal Indian National Congress Unnao District (West) cum Hardoi District (North West) cum Farukkhabad District (East) cum Shahjahanpur
District (South) Bulaqi Ram Indian National Congress Bashir Husain Zaidi Indian National Congress Shajahanpur District (West) Uma Nehru Indian National Congress Bashir Husain Zaidi Indian National Congress Bashir Husain Zaidi Indian National Congress Bashir Husain Zaidi Indian National Congress Shajahanpur District (West) Uma Nehru Indian National Congress Bashir Husain Zaidi In
Indian National Congress Lucknow District Central Vijai Laxmi Pandit Indian National Congress Feroze Gandhi Indian National Congress Fe
National Congress Pratapgarh District (East) Munishwer Dutt Upadhyaya Indian National Congress Sultanpur District (South) B. Parameswaran Nayar Independent Quilon cum Mavelikara R. ^ "Set-up of the Secretariat". The First Session of this Lok Sabha commenced on 13 May 1952. The government may move a resolution or a motion for
obtaining the sanction to a scheme or opinion of the house on an important matter of policy or a grave situation. The result of the division and vote cast by each member with the aid of automatic vote recording equipment also appear on this board and immediately a photograph of the indicator board is taken. The Communist Party of India (CPI) and
the Socialist Party (India) followed with 16 and 12 seats respectively. This is typical of any Parliamentary democracy, with the lower House always being more powerful than the upper. Rachiah M. ^ "Constitution of India" (PDF). Though a member of the House, the Speaker does not vote in the House except on those rare occasions when there is a tie
at the end of a decision. Following the 52nd Constitution amendment, the Speaker is vested with the power relating to the Lok Sabha as outlined in the Constitution of India is 552 members, made up of up to 524 members representing the people of 28
states and 19 members representing people of 8 Union territories based on their population. Where so directed by the Speaker in terms of the relevant provision in the Rules of Procedure etc. Members of the Lok Sabha are elected by an adult universal suffrage and a first-past-the-post system to represent their respective constituencies, and they hold
their seats for five years or until the body is dissolved by the President on the advice of the council of ministers. ^ "Lok Sabha Introduction". If the other House that originally tabled the bill does not accept the recommendations made by the members of the
2019. This is because the Constitution of India has only made the Union Council of ministers responsible to the Rajya Sabha. There are primarily two kinds of parliamentary committees based on their nature:- Parliament Standing Committees (PSC)
Permanent in nature, reconstituted from time to time with every new election. 38 Archived from the original on 22 July 2013. They consist of members of both houses. External links Wikimedia Commons has media related to Lok Sabha. V. Retrieved from "Typically, discussionsst of members of both houses."

In the Wayback Machine Part V—The Union. Archived from the original on 22 July 2013. They consist of members of both houses. External links Wikimedia Commons has media related to Lok Sabha. V. Retrieved from the original on 22 July 2013. They consist of members of both houses.
on important Bills, the Budget, and other issues of national importance take place from 2 p.m. onwards. In the provisions contained in Article 98 of the Constitution. Krishnan All India Scheduled Caste's Federation Badam Yella
Reddy People's Democratic Front Warangal Pendyal Raghava Rao Khammam T. 1st Lok Sabha ←Constituent Assembly of India 2nd Lok Sabha beats were 489 and total eligible voters were 17.3 crores
Pocker Muslim League Ponnani Kellapan Koyhapali Kisan Mazdoor Praja Party Vella Eacharan Iyyani Indian National Congress Orissa Constituency Reserved Member Party Nowrangpur None Ponnada Subarao GP Raigarh Phulbani Scheduled Tribes T. Such discussions may take place two days a week. A seat in the Lok Sabha will become vacant in
the following circumstances (during the normal functioning of the House): When the holder of the seat, by writing to the speaker, resigns. NDTV. Mohammed Basheer JMM 1 Vijay Hansdak RSP 1 Premchandran VCK 1 T.Thirumavalan Opposition - OthersSeats: 96 AITC 23 Sudip Bandyopadhyay YSRCP 22 Midhun Reddy BJD 12 Pinaki Misra BSP 10
Ritesh Pandey TRS 9 Nageswara Rao SP 3 Mulayam Yadav TDP 3 K Ram Mohan Naidu CPI(M) 3 P R Natarajan CPI 2 K. B. Archived from the original on 7 December 2013. Subbarayan SAD 2 Harsimrat Kaur Badal AIMIM 2 A. Article 79. If the questions given notice are admitted by the Speaker, they are listed and printed for an answer on the dates
allotted to the Ministries to which the subject matter of the question pertains. As per Article 94 of the Indian Constitution, a Speaker or a Deputy Speaker should vacate their office, a) if they cease to be a member of the House of the People, b) they resign, or c) is removed from office by a resolution of the House passed by a majority. Parliamentary
committees Most of the business of drafting a bill or amendments is initially discussed and debated in the parliamentary committees. Ravindhranath NDPP 1 T.Yepthomi NPP 1 Agatha Sangma NPF 1 L.S. Pfoze MNF 1 C. The Speaker makes obituary references in the House, formal references to important national and international events, and the
valedictory address after every Session of the Lok Sabha and also when the term of the House expires. "Senior IAS Officer Utpal Kumar Singh Appointed Lok Sabha Secretary General". ^ "Indian Freedom Struggle (1857-1947) - Culture and Heritage - Know India: National Portal of India". A Starred Question is one to which a member desires an oral
answer in the House and which is distinguished by an asterisk mark. This is a limitation on the Lok Sabha. Nesamony Travancore-Cochin Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Annie Mascarene Independent Trichur Iyyunni Chalakka Indian National Congress Trivandrum Indian 
Harish Chandra Heda Indian National Congress Medak Jayasoorya People's Democratic Front Karimnagar M. Motions of no confidence against the government can be introduced and passed in the Lok Sabha. Ramana Justices (List) District Courts Other tribunals Elections 2009 2014 2019 State elections 2017 2018 2019 Political
parties National coalitions National Democratic Alliance (NDA) United Progressive Alliance (UPA) National parties State government Government Government Government Government Government India portal Other countries vte The First Lok Sabha was constituted on 17 April 1952 after India's first general election. This
contained the founding principles of the law of the law
Kandala Subramaniam Socialist Party (India) Vishakhapatnam Lanka Sundaram Independent Gam Malludora Kakinada Chelikani Venkat Rama Rao Communist Party of India B S Murty Kisan Mazdoor Praja Party
Masulipatnam Sanka Butehikottaiah Communist Party of India Gudivada K Gopala Rao Vijayavada Harindranath Chatopadhyaya Independent Narasaraopet Chapalamadugu Ramiah Chowdhary Ongole M Nanadass P Venkataraghaviah Nellore Bezwada
Ramchandra Reddy Nandyal Seshgiri Rao Kurnool H Sitaram Reddy Indian National Congress Bellary T Subhramanayam Anantapur Paidi Lakshmayya Penukonda K S Raghavachari Kisan Mazdoor Praja Party Cuddapah Eswara Reddy Yellura Communist Party of India Chittoor T N Vishwanatha Reddi Indian National Congress M V Gangadhara Siva
Tirupati M Ananthasayanam Ayyanagar Madras T.T Krishnamachari Tiruvallur Margatham Chandrasekar P Nathesan Chingleput O V Alagesan Kanchipuram A Krishnaswami Commonweal League Krishnagiri C R Narasimhan Indian National
 Congress Dharampuri M Satyanathan Independent Salem S V Ramaswamy Indian National Congress Erode Periasami Gounder Balakrishnan Tiruchengode S K Baby/Kandaswami Independent Tiruppur T S Avinashilingam Chettiar Indian National Congress Pollachi Damodaran Coimbatore T A Ramalinga Chettiar Pudukkottai K M Vallatharsu Kisan
Mazdoor Praja Party Perambalur V. The Indian Councils Act 1892 established legislatures in each of the provinces of British India and increased the powers of the Legislative Council. However, a member can be disqualified from being a member of Parliament: If they hold the office of profit; If they are of unsound mind and stand so declared by a
competent court If they are an undischarged insolvent; If they are not a citizen of India, or have voluntarily acquired the citizenship of a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of allegiance or adherence to a foreign State, or are under any acknowledgement of a foreign State, or are under a foreign State, or a fo
of People Act. The English version contains proceedings in English and the English translation of the proceedings take place in Hindi or any regional language. Business after Question Hour After the Question Hour, the House takes up miscellaneous items of work before proceedings to the main business of the day. Lok Sabha website. Ananthasayanam
2014. The Speaker decides on the agenda to be taken up for discussion during the meeting. Singh and Chandra Shekhar Tenth June 1991 P. Automatic vote recording system With the announcement of the Speaker for recording the votes, the Secretary-General of the Lok Sabha presses the button of a keyboard. encyclopedia.com. The 1st Lok Sabha
lasted its full tenure of five years and was dissolved on 4 April 1957. Article 81. A short-notice question is taken up for answer immediately after the Question Hour, popularly known as Zero Hour. If passed by a majority vote, the Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers resign collectively. When in session, Lok Sabha holds its sittings usually from
11 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. On some days the sittings are continuously held without observing lunch break and are also extended beyond 6 p.m. depending upon the business before the House. Osmanabad Raghvendra Shivprasad
Arya Indian National Congress Ambad Hanmanth Rao Ganeshrao Parbhani Narayanrao Waghmare Peasants and Worker's Party Nanded Deo Ram Namdev Rao India. Every bill passes through three stages—each called readings—before it is passed. System of
elections in Lok Sabha Members of the Lok Sabha are directly elected by the people of India, based on universal suffrage. The Speaker of Lok Sabha is both a member of the House and its Presiding Officer. Retrieved 24 May 2019. The Speaker of Lok Sabha is both a member of the House and its Presiding Officer. Retrieved 24 May 2019. The Speaker of Lok Sabha is both a member of the House and its Presiding Officer. Retrieved 24 May 2019.
Central Legislative Assembly, for which Parliament House, New Delhi, was built and opened in 1927.[14] The Government of India Act 1935 introduced provincial autonomy and proposed a federal structure in India.[15] The Indian Independence Act 1947, passed by the British parliament on 18 July 1947, divided British India (which did not included not included
the Princely States) into two newly independent countries, India and Pakistan, which were to be dominions under the Crown until they had each enacted a new constitution. Normally, when a motion is put to the House members for and against it indicate their opinion by saying "Aye" or "No" from their seats. Kirolikar Mahasamund Sheodas Daga
 Bilaspur Durg Raipur Bhupendranath Mishra Agamdas Bilaspur Reshamlal Sardar Amarsingh Saigal Surguja Raigarh Babunath Singh Chandikeshwar Sharan Muchaki Kosa Independent Bastar Muchaki Kosa Independent Madras State Constituency Reserved Member Party Pathapatnam None V. P. Archived from the original (pdf) on 4 April 2014. Retrieved
25 August 2016. When the holder of the seat is subject to any disqualifications mentioned in the Constitution or any law enacted by Parliament. Every minister whose turn it is to answer questions has to stand up and answer for his department's acts of omission or commission. Chattarpur Datiya Titamgarh Motilal Malvi Ram Sahai Tiwari Anglo-Indian
(Nominated) Constituency Reserved Member Party None None Frank Anthony Independent None A. If the opinion so declared is again challenged, the Chair asks the votes to be recorded by operating the Automatic Vote Recording Equipment.
and at a maximum. The Constitution of India was adopted on 26 November 1949 and came into effect on 26 January 1950, proclaiming India to be a sovereign, democratic republic. If the Lok Sabha is dissolved before or after the declaration of a National Emergency, the Rajya Sabha becomes the sole Parliament. Gurupadaswamy Kisan Mazdoor Prajza and came into effect on 26 January 1950, proclaiming India to be a sovereign, democratic republic.
Party Patiala and East Punjab States Union Constituency Reserved Member Party Mohindergarh None Hira Singh Indian National Congress Patiala Ram Pratap Kapurthala Bhatinda Ajit Singh Independent Rajasthan Constituency Reserved Member Party Jaipur Sawaimadhopur None Ram Karan
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National Congress Saurashtra Constituency Reserved Member Party Halar None M. Nesamony Independents 37 Nominated Anglo-Indians 2 Total 489 Members of the 1st lok sabha, 4th Sep 1956 List of first Women members is as below: (Please add this information) Loksabha Seats by States and Union Territories Assam INC (11) SP (1) No.
Constituency Name of elected M.P. Party affiliation 1 Cachar Lushal Hills Suresh Chandra Deb Indian National Congress 2 Autonomous Districts Bonily Khongmen Indian National Congress 4 Barpeta
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Sibsagar North Lakhimpur Surendranath Buragohain Indian National Congress B.P. Chaliha (Bypoll 1952) Indian National Congress Bihar No. Constituency Name of elected M.P. Party affiliation 1 Pataliputra Sarangdhar Singh Indian National Congress 2 Patna Central Kailash Pati
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Bhagwati Charan Shulka Durg W. ^ "Members of the first Lok Sabha". ^ "Om Birla unanimously elected Lok Sabha Speaker, PM Modi heaps praises on BJP colleague". The normal period of notice does not apply to short-notice questions that relate to matters of urgent public importance. Legislative business Legislative proposals in the form of a bill
can be brought forward either by a minister or by an individual member. ^ "Leader of the Opposition". They permit the moving of various kinds of motions and resolutions like the motion of adjournment, motio
same footing in this regard, in reality, it is the Lok Sabha's opinions that mostly prevail—due to its bigger numerical strength. Zero Hour". Wilson Indian National Congress Banaras District (Central) Raghunath Singh Indian National Congress Banaras District
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original version, in cyclostyled form, is kept in the Parliament Library for record and reference. It cannot be dissolved. Article 83. In the discharge of his constitutional and statutory responsibilities, the Speaker of the Lok Sabha is assisted by the Secretary-General, who holds the rank equivalent to the Cabinet Secretary to the Government of India.
Then the division bell is rung and an entire network of bells installed in the various parts and rooms in Parliament House Annexe rings continuously for three and a half minutes. The Secretary, Additional Secretary, Additional Secretary, I just Secretary and other officers and
staff of the Secretariat.[24] Since November 2020, the Secretary-General elections Hain article: List of Indian general elections Each Lok Sabha is Utpal Kumar Singh, IAS.[25] Lok Sabha is constituted after a general elections Main article: List of Indian general election 1st Lok Sabha is Utpal Kumar Singh, IAS.[25] Lok Sabha is Constituted after a general election 1st Lok Sabha is Utpal Kumar Singh, IAS.[25] Lok Sabha is Utpal Kumar Singh, IA
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Sabha 2024 Indian general election Composition Main article: List of constituencies of the Lok Sabha is composed of 543 members [26] while maximum seats will fill up to 550 (after article 331 - 2 seats reserved for Anglo Indian but by 126th Constitution Amendment article 331 is null by Parliament, before this
amendment maximum seat will 552). S. Vittala Rao Nalgonda Ravi Narayan Reddy Sukam Atchalu Madhya Bharat Constituency Reserved Member Party Nimar None Bajinath Mahodaya Indian National Congress Jhabua Scheduled Tribes Amar Singh Indore None Nandalal Suryanarayan Ujjain Radhelal Vyas Mandsaur Kailash Nath Katju Shajapur
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5 January 2007 at the Wayback Machine ^ "PM Modi's New Cabinet Could See Prestige Posts For Smriti Irani, Bengal". Thereafter, the minister makes replies. In conclusion, the Lok Sabha is more powerful than the Rajya Sabha in almost all matters.
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